

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 2x^2 + 6x^2h =$$

$$f(2) = 24$$

$$f'(0) = 0$$

$$f(2) = 54$$

$$f'(x) = 6x^2$$

End of Day 1 questions

3.4-Day 2 # 19, 21, 23, 33-36

$$(19) m = \frac{35-15}{5-3} = \frac{20}{2} = 10$$

$$b) f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x+h)^2 + 2(x+h) - (x^2 + 2x)}{h}$$

(3, 15)

$$y = 10x + b$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2 + 2xh + h^2 + 2x + 2h - x^2 - 2x}{h}$$

$$15 = 10(3) + b$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2xh + h^2 + 2h}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 2x + h + 2$$

$$15 = 30 + b$$

$$-15 = b$$

$$y = 10x - 15$$

$$f'(x) = 2x + 2$$

$$f'(3) = 8$$

equation of tangent line

Secant equation

$$y - 15 = 8(x - 3) \rightarrow y = 8x - 24 + 15 \rightarrow y = 8x - 9$$

$$y = 8x - 9$$

21) a) $F(5) = 1$ $F(2) = \frac{5}{2}$

$$m = \frac{1 - \frac{5}{2}}{5 - 2} = \frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{3} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$y - 1 = -\frac{1}{2}(x - 5)$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{7}{2}$$

equation of secant

b) $F'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{5}{x+h} - \frac{5}{x}}{h}$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{5x - 5x - 5h}{x(x+h)}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-5h}{x(x+h)h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-5}{x(x+h)}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-5}{x(x+h)} \Rightarrow F'(x) = -\frac{5}{x^2}$$

$$F'(2) = -\frac{5}{4} \quad y - \frac{5}{2} = -\frac{5}{4}(x - 2)$$

$$y = -\frac{5}{4}x + \frac{5}{2} + \frac{5}{2} \Rightarrow y = -\frac{5}{4}x + 5$$

tangent line

23) a) $F(16) = 16$ $F(9) = 12$

$$m = \frac{16 - 12}{16 - 9} = \frac{4}{7}$$

$$y - 12 = \frac{4}{7}(x - 9)$$

$$y - 12 = \frac{4}{7}x - \frac{36}{7}$$

$$y = \frac{4}{7}x - \frac{36}{7} + \frac{84}{7}$$

$$y = \frac{4}{7}x + \frac{48}{7}$$

Secant Line

b) $F'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4\sqrt{x+h} - 4\sqrt{x}}{h} \cdot \frac{(4\sqrt{x+h} + 4\sqrt{x})}{(4\sqrt{x+h} + 4\sqrt{x})}$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{16(x+h) - 16x}{4h(\sqrt{x+h} + \sqrt{x})} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{16h}{4h(\sqrt{x+h} + \sqrt{x})}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4}{\sqrt{x+h} + \sqrt{x}} \Rightarrow F'(x) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$F'(9) = \frac{2}{3} \rightarrow y - 12 = \frac{2}{3}(x - 9)$$

$$y - 12 = \frac{2}{3}x - 6 \rightarrow y = \frac{2}{3}x + 6$$

tangent line

33) $x = 0$

34) $x = -6$

35) $x = -3$ $x = -1$ $x = 0$
 $x = 3$ $x = 5$

36) $x = -5$ $x = -3$ $x = 0$
 $x = 2$ $x = 4$