

4.1 - Calculating the derivative

Day 1 #1-30

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{dy}{dx} = 36x^2 - 16x + 7$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{dy}{dx} = 24x^2 - 10x - \frac{1}{12}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \frac{dy}{dx} = 12x^3 - 18x^2 + \frac{1}{4}x$$

$$\textcircled{4} \frac{dy}{dx} = 20x^3 + 27x^2 + 24x - 7$$

$$\textcircled{5} f'(x) = 21x^{2.5} - \frac{5}{x^{0.5}}$$

$$\textcircled{6} f'(x) = -3x^{0.5} + \frac{6}{x^{0.5}}$$

$$\textcircled{7} y = 8x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 6x^{\frac{3}{4}}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{18}{4\sqrt[4]{x}}$$

$$\textcircled{8} y = -100x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 11x^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-50}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{22}{3\sqrt[3]{x}}$$

$$\textcircled{9} g'(x) = \frac{-30}{x^6} + \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\textcircled{10} \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-30}{x^4} - \frac{20}{x^5} - 8$$

$$\textcircled{11} \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-25}{x^6} + \frac{12}{x^3} - \frac{13}{x^2}$$

$$\textcircled{12} f(t) = 7t^{-1} - 5t^{-3}$$

$$f'(t) = \frac{-7}{t^2} + \frac{15}{t^4}$$

$$\textcircled{13} f(t) = 14t^{-1} + 12t^{-4} + \sqrt{2}$$

$$f'(t) = \frac{-14}{t^2} - \frac{48}{t^5}$$

$$\textcircled{14} y = 6x^{-4} - 7x^{-3} + 3x^{-1} + \sqrt{5}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-24}{x^5} + \frac{21}{x^4} - \frac{3}{x^2}$$

$$\textcircled{15} y = 3x^{-6} + x^{-5} - 7x^{-2}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-18}{x^7} - \frac{5}{x^6} + \frac{14}{x^3}$$

$$\textcircled{16} p(x) = \frac{5}{\sqrt{x^3}} - \frac{12}{\sqrt{x^5}}$$

$$(17) h'(x) = \frac{-1}{2}x^{-3/2} + 21x^{-5/2} = \boxed{\frac{-1}{2\sqrt{x^3}} + \frac{21}{\sqrt{x^5}}}$$

$$(18) y = 6x^{-1/4}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-6}{4}x^{-5/4} = \boxed{\frac{-3}{2\sqrt[4]{x^5}}}$$

$$(19) y = -2x^{-1/3}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2}{3}x^{-4/3} = \boxed{\frac{2}{3\sqrt[3]{x^4}}}$$

$$(20) f(x) = x^2 + 5x^{-1}$$

$$\boxed{f'(x) = \frac{2x - 5}{x^2}}$$

$$(21) g(x) = x^{5/2} - 4x^{1/2}$$

$$g'(x) = \frac{5}{2}x^{3/2} - 2x^{-1/2} = \boxed{\frac{5\sqrt{x^3}}{2} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}}}$$

$$(22) g(x) = (8x^2 - 4x)(8x^2 - 4x)$$

$$g(x) = 64x^4 - 64x^3 + 16x^2$$

$$\boxed{g'(x) = 256x^3 - 192x^2 + 32x}$$

$$(23) h(x) = (x^4 - 2x^2 + 1)(x^2 - 1) = x^6 + 2x^4 + x^2 - x^4 + 2x^2 + 1$$

$$h(x) = x^6 - 3x^4 + 3x^2 + 1$$

$$\boxed{h'(x) = 6x^5 - 12x^3 + 6x}$$

(24) B. Linear (25) $f'(a)$ = slope of tangent line @ $x=a$

$$(26) \frac{d}{dx}(4x^3 - 6x^{-2}) = 12x^2 + \frac{12}{x^3}$$

$$(27) D_x = \frac{-9}{2}x^{-3/2} - 3x^{-5/2} = \boxed{\frac{-9}{2\sqrt{x^3}} - \frac{3}{\sqrt{x^5}}}$$

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$$\textcircled{28} \quad D_x(8x^{\frac{1}{4}} - 3x^{-\frac{7}{2}}) = -2x^{-\frac{5}{4}} + \frac{9}{2}x^{-\frac{5}{2}} = \frac{-2}{\sqrt[4]{x^5}} + \frac{9}{2\sqrt{x^5}}$$

$$\textcircled{29} \quad F'(x) = \frac{2}{3}x^3 - 3$$

$$F'(-2) = \frac{2}{3}(-8) - 3 = \frac{-16}{3} - \frac{9}{3} = \boxed{\frac{-25}{3}}$$

$$\textcircled{30} \quad F'(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^2 - 14x$$

$$F'(3) = 3 - 52 = \boxed{-49}$$