

Calculus 7.2

② a) $u = 3x^2 - 5$ b) $u = 1 - x$ c) $u = 2x^3 + 1$
d) $u = x^4$

③ $u = 2x + 3$ $\int 2u^4 du = \frac{2u^5}{5} + C$
 $du = 2 dx$
 $2du = 4 dx$
 $= \frac{2}{5} (2x+3)^5 + C$

④ $u = -4t + 1$ $\int \frac{1}{4} u^3 du$
 $du = -4 dt$
 $-\frac{1}{4} du = dt$
 $-\frac{1}{4} \frac{u^4}{4} + C = \frac{-1}{16} (-4t+1)^4 + C$

⑤ $\int 2(2m+1)^3 dm$ $u = 2m+1$
 $du = 2 dm$
 $\int u^{-3} du$
 $= \frac{u^{-2}}{-2} + C = \frac{(2m+1)^{-2}}{-2} + C = \frac{-1}{2(2m+1)^2} + C$

⑥ $\int 3(3u-5)^{-1/2} du$ $x = 3u-5$
 $\int x^{-1/2} dx$ $dx = 3 du$
 $= \frac{x^{1/2}}{1/2} + C$
 $= 2\sqrt{3u-5} + C$

$$\textcircled{7} \int (2x+2)(x^2+2x-4)^{-4} dx$$

$$= \int u^{-4} du$$

$$= \frac{u^{-3}}{-3} + C$$

$$= \frac{-1}{3(x^2+2x-4)^3} + C$$

$$u = x^2 + 2x - 4$$

$$du = 2x + 2 dx$$

$$\textcircled{8} \int 6x^2(2x^3+7)^{-3/2} dx$$

$$\int u^{-3/2} du$$

$$\frac{u^{-1/2}}{-1/2} + C$$

$$\frac{-2}{\sqrt{2x^3+7}} + C$$

$$u = 2x^3 + 7$$

$$du = 6x^2 dx$$

$$\textcircled{9} \int z(4z^2-5)^{1/2} dz$$

$$\int \frac{1}{8} u^{1/2} du$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \frac{u^{3/2}}{3/2} + C$$

$$\frac{1}{12} (4z^2-5)^{3/2} + C$$

$$u = 4z^2 - 5$$

$$du = 8z dz$$

$$\frac{1}{8} du = z dz$$

$$\textcircled{10} \int r(5r^2+2)^{1/2} dr$$

$$\int \frac{1}{10} u^{1/2} du$$

$$\frac{1}{10} \frac{u^{3/2}}{3/2} + C$$

$$\frac{1}{15} (5r^2+2)^{3/2} + C$$

$$u = 5r^2 + 2$$

$$du = 10r dr$$

$$\frac{1}{10} du = r dr$$

$$\textcircled{11} \quad u = 2x^3$$

$$du = 6x^2 dx$$

$$\frac{1}{2} du = 3x^2 dx$$

$$\int \frac{1}{2} e^u du$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} e^u + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} e^{2x^3} + C$$

$$\textcircled{12} \quad u = -r^2$$

$$du = -2r dr$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} du = r dr$$

$$\int -\frac{1}{2} e^u du$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} e^u + C = -\frac{1}{2} e^{-r^2} + C$$

$$\textcircled{13} \quad u = 2t - t^2$$

$$du = 2 - 2t dt$$

$$\frac{1}{2} du = (1 - t) dt$$

$$\int \frac{1}{2} e^u du$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} e^u + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} e^{2t - t^2} + C$$

$$\textcircled{14} \quad u = x^3 - 3x$$

$$du = 3x^2 - 3 dx$$

$$\frac{1}{3} du = (x^2 - 1) dx$$

$$\int \frac{1}{3} e^u du$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} e^u + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} e^{x^3 - 3x} + C$$

$$\textcircled{15} \quad u = \frac{1}{z} = z^{-1}$$

$$du = -z^{-2} dz$$

$$du = -\frac{1}{z^2} dz$$

$$\int \frac{e^u}{z^2} dz = \int e^u \frac{1}{z^2} dz$$

$$= \int -e^u du = -e^u + C$$

$$-du = \frac{1}{z^2} dz$$

$$= -e^{1/z} + C$$

$$(16) \int e^{\sqrt{y}} \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{y}} \right) dy$$

$$u = \sqrt{y}$$
$$du = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{y}} dy$$

$$\int e^u du$$

$$e^u + C$$

$$\boxed{e^{\sqrt{y}} + C}$$

$$(17) u = x^4 + 4x^2 + 7$$

$$\int \frac{1}{4} u^4 du$$

$$du = 4x^3 + 8x dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \frac{u^5}{5} + C$$

$$\frac{1}{4} du = (x^3 + 2x) dx$$

$$= \frac{(x^4 + 4x^2 + 7)^5}{20} + C$$

$$(18) u = t^3 + 6t + 3$$

$$\int \frac{1}{u} du$$

$$du = 3t^2 + 6 dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \ln|u| + C$$

$$\frac{1}{3} du = t^2 + 2 dt$$

$$\boxed{= \frac{1}{3} \ln|t^3 + 6t + 3| + C}$$

$$(19) u = x^2 + x$$

$$\int \frac{1}{u^3} du = \int u^{-3} du = \frac{u^{-2}}{-2} + C$$

$$du = 2x + 1 dx$$

$$\boxed{= \frac{-1}{2(x^2 + x)^2} + C}$$

$$\textcircled{20} \int (y^2+y)(2y^3+3y^2+1)^{-2/3} dy$$

$$\int \frac{1}{6} u^{-2/3} du$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} \frac{u^{1/3}}{\frac{1}{3}} + C = \boxed{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt[3]{2y^3+3y^2+1} + C}$$

$$u = 2y^3 + 3y^2 + 1$$

$$du = 6y^2 + 6y dy$$

$$\frac{1}{6} du = y^2 + y dy$$

$$\textcircled{21} \int p(p+1)^5 dp$$

$$\int (u-1)(u^5) du$$

$$\int u^6 - u^5 du = \frac{u^7}{7} - \frac{u^6}{6} + C$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{(p+1)^7}{7} - \frac{(p+1)^6}{6} + C}$$

$$u = p+1 \quad p = u-1$$

$$du = dp$$

$$\textcircled{22} \int 4r(8-r)^{1/2} dr$$

$$\int (32-4u) u^{1/2} du$$

$$\int (-32u^{1/2} + 4u^{3/2}) du$$

$$= \frac{-32u^{3/2}}{3/2} + \frac{4u^{5/2}}{5/2} + C = \boxed{\frac{-64}{3} (8-r)^{3/2} + \frac{8}{5} (8-r)^{5/2} + C}$$

$$u = 8-r \quad r = 8-u$$

$$du = -dr \quad 4r = 32-4u$$

$$-du = dr$$

$$\textcircled{23} \int \frac{u}{\sqrt{u-1}} du \quad a = u-1 \quad da = du$$

$$a+1 = u$$

$$\int u(u-1)^{-1/2} du$$
$$\int (a+1) a^{-1/2} da = \int (a^{1/2} + a^{-1/2}) da$$

$$= \frac{a^{3/2}}{3/2} + \frac{a^{1/2}}{1/2} + C$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{2}{3}(u-1)^{3/2} + 2(u-1)^{1/2} + C}$$

$$\textcircled{24} \int (2x)(x+5)^{-6} dx \quad u = x+5 \quad x = u-5 \quad 2x = 2u-10$$
$$du = dx$$

$$\int (2u-10)(u^{-6}) du$$

$$\int (2u^{-5} - 10u^{-6}) du = \frac{2u^{-4}}{-4} - \frac{10u^{-5}}{-5} + C$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{-1}{2(x+5)^4} + \frac{2}{(x+5)^5} + C}$$