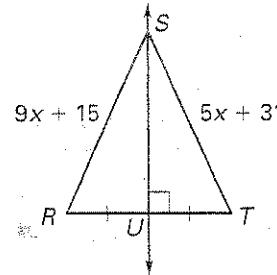
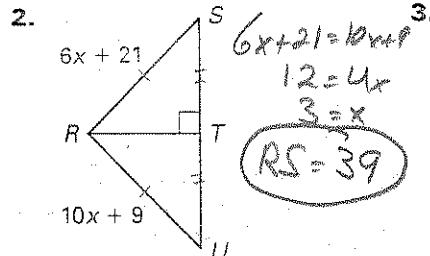
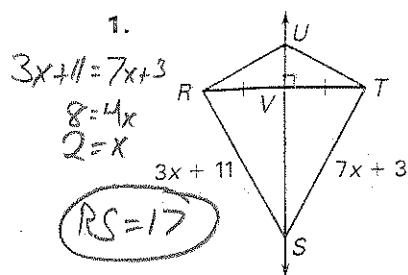


# Adv. Geometry 5.2 - Perpendicular Bisectors

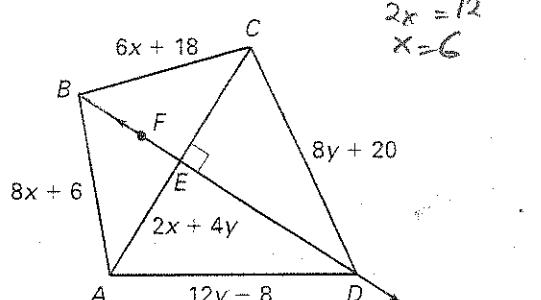
key

Find the length of  $\overline{RS}$ .



Use the diagram.  $\overline{DE}$  is the perpendicular bisector of  $\overline{AC}$ . Find the indicated measure.

4. Find  $AB$ .  $= 54$
5. Find  $AE$ .  $= 40$
6. Find  $AD$ .  $= 76$
7. Find  $BC$ .  $54$
8. Find  $AC$ .  $= 80$
9. Find  $CD$ .  $= 76$



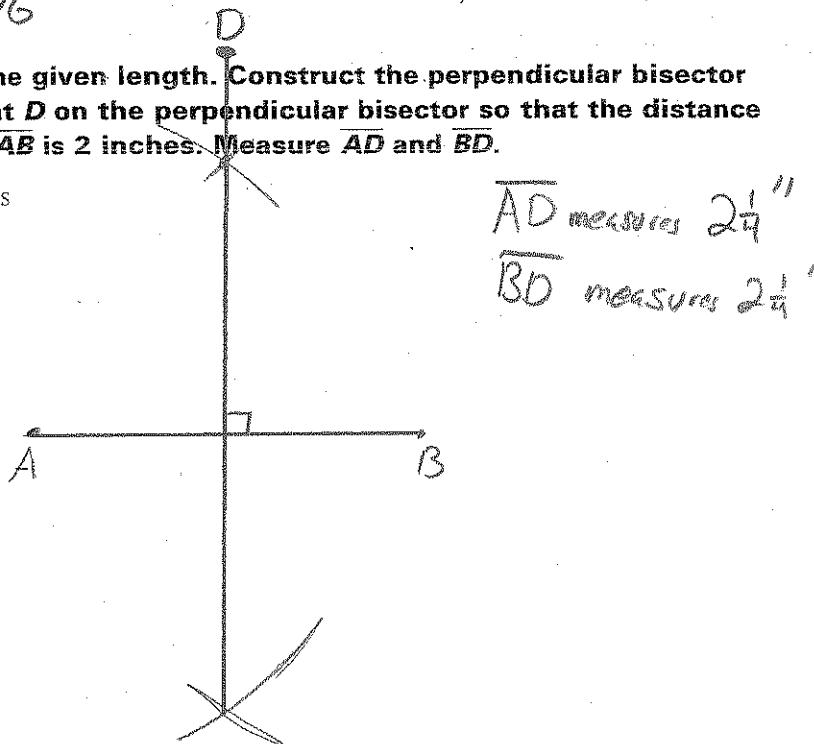
$$12y - 8 = 8y + 20$$

$$4y = 28$$

$$y = 7$$

Draw  $\overline{AB}$  with the given length. Construct the perpendicular bisector and choose point  $D$  on the perpendicular bisector so that the distance between  $D$  and  $\overline{AB}$  is 2 inches. Measure  $AD$  and  $BD$ .

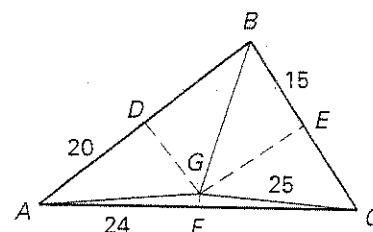
10.  $AB = 2$  inches



In the diagram, the perpendicular bisectors of  $\triangle ABC$  meet at point  $G$  and are shown dashed. Find the indicated measure.

13. Find  $AG$ .  $25$
14. Find  $BD$ .  $20$
15. Find  $CF$ .  $24$
16. Find  $BG$ .  $25$
17. Find  $CE$ .  $15$
18. Find  $AC$ .  $48$

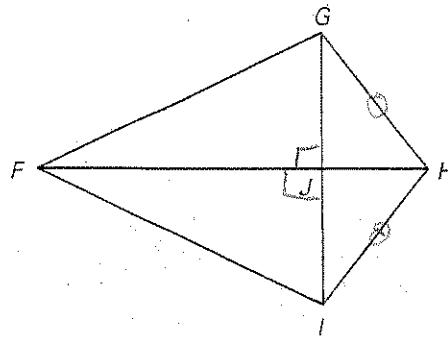
Given:  $AD = 20$   $AF = 24$   
 $GC = 25$   $BE = 15$



15. GIVEN:  $\triangle FJG \cong \triangle FJI$

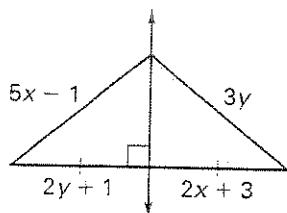
PROVE:  $\overline{HI} \cong \overline{HG}$

Statements	Reasons
① $\triangle FJG \cong \triangle FJI$	① Given
② $\angle GJF \cong \angle IJF$	② CPCTC
③ $\angle GJF \text{ & } \angle IJF$ are supplementary.	③ Def. of Suppl.
④ $\angle GJF$ is a rt. $\angle$	④ $\cong$ suppl. $\angle's = 90^\circ$
⑤ $\overline{GJ} \cong \overline{IJ}$	⑤ CPCTC
⑥ $\overline{FJ}$ is Perpendicular bisector	⑥ Def. of $\perp$ bisector
⑦ $H$ is on $\overline{FJ}$	⑦ Given in picture
⑧ $\overline{HG} \cong \overline{HI}$	⑧ Converse of Perp. bisector Theory



In Exercises 1–4, find the values of  $x$  and  $y$ .

1.



$$\begin{aligned} 2y + 1 &= 3y \\ -2 &= 2y - 2y \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 5x - 1 &= 3y \\ 5x - 3y &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} (5x - 3y = 1) \cdot -2 \\ 2x - 2y = -2 \end{array} \right. \cdot 5$$

$$-10x + 6y = -2$$

$$\cancel{+ 10x - 10y = -10}$$

$$-4y = -12$$

$$y = 3$$

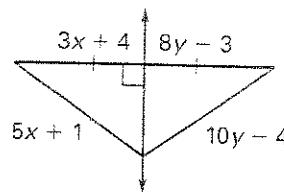
$$6 + 1 = 2x + 3$$

$$7 = 2x + 3$$

$$4 = 2x$$

$$2 = x$$

2.



$$3x + 4 = 8y - 3$$

$$3x - 8y = -7$$

$$\begin{aligned} 5x + 1 &= 10y - 4 \\ 5x - 10y &= -5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 3x - 8y = -7 \quad -5 \\ 5x - 10y = -5 \quad -3 \end{array} \right.$$

$$-15x + 40y = 35$$

$$\underline{+ 15x - 30y = -15}$$

$$10y = 20$$

$$y = 2$$

$$3x + 4 = 16 - 3$$

$$3x + 4 = 13$$

$$3x = 9$$

$$X = 3$$