

## Graphing Rational Functions

*Identify the points of discontinuity, holes, vertical asymptotes, x-intercepts, and horizontal asymptote of each.*

1)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{3x^2 + 3x - 18}$

2)  $f(x) = \frac{x - 2}{x - 4}$

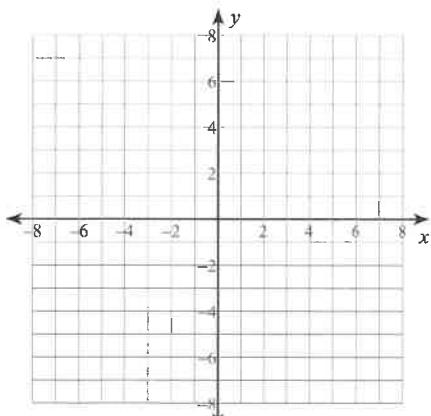
3)  $f(x) = \frac{x^3 - x^2 - 6x}{-3x^2 - 3x + 18}$

4)  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + x - 6}{-4x^2 - 16x - 12}$

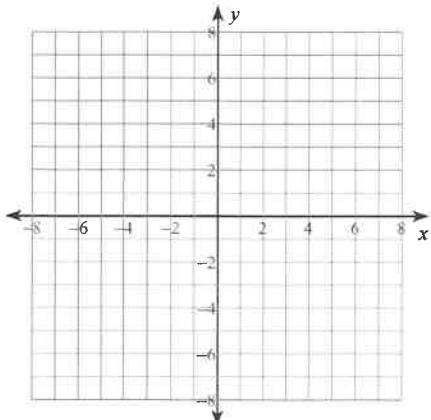
*& oblique Asymptotes*

**Identify the points of discontinuity, holes, vertical asymptotes, and horizontal asymptote of each. Then sketch the graph.**

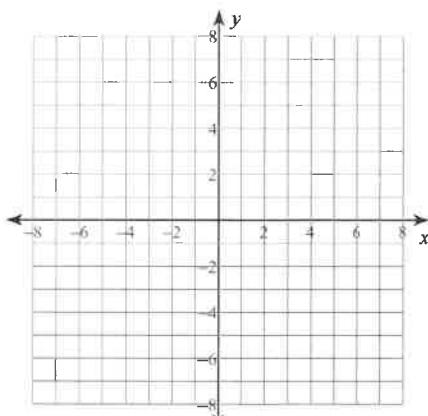
5)  $f(x) = -\frac{4}{x^2 - 3x}$



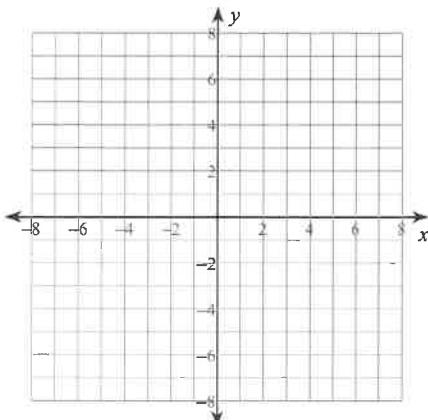
7)  $f(x) = \frac{x + 4}{-2x - 6}$



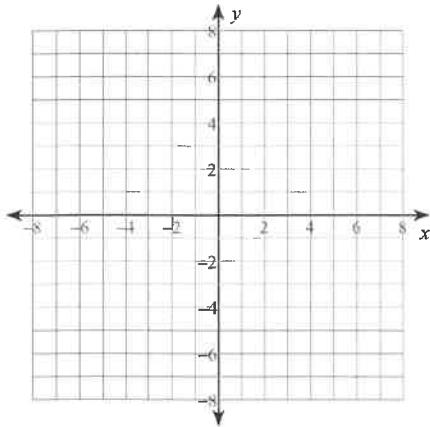
6)  $f(x) = \frac{x - 4}{-4x - 16}$



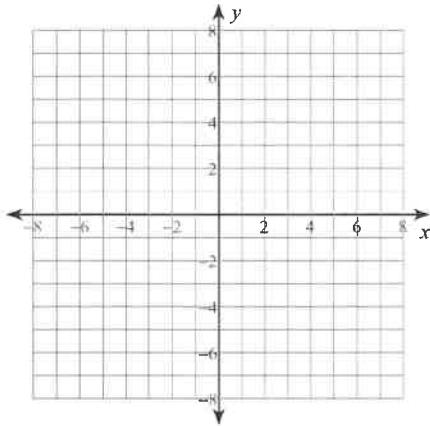
8)  $f(x) = \frac{x^3 - 9x}{3x^2 - 6x - 9}$



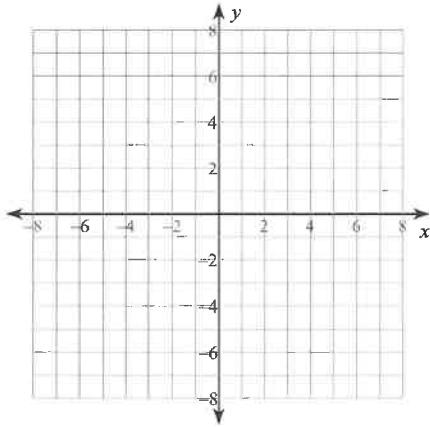
9)  $f(x) = \frac{3x^2 - 12x}{x^2 - 2x - 3}$



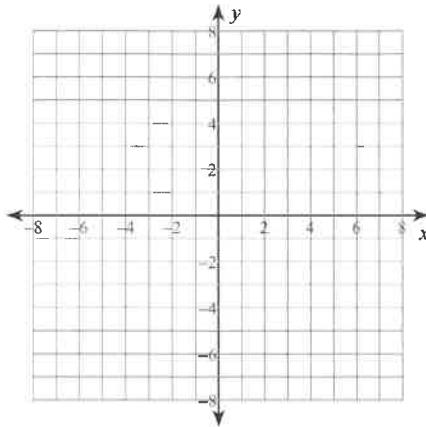
11)  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 2x}{-4x + 8}$



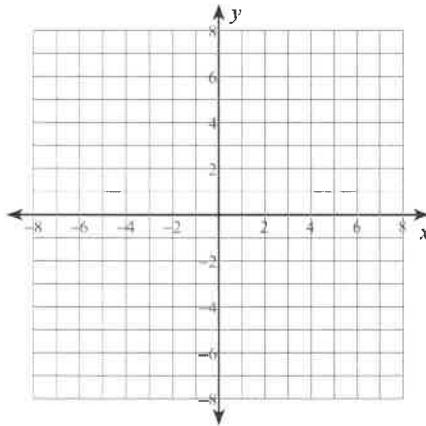
13)  $f(x) = \frac{2x^2 + 10x + 12}{x^2 + 3x + 2}$



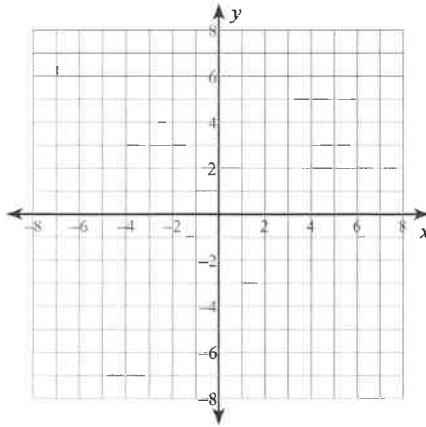
10)  $f(x) = \frac{x^3 - 16x}{-4x^2 + 4x + 24}$



12)  $f(x) = \frac{x + 2}{2x + 6}$



14)  $f(x) = \frac{3}{x - 2}$



## Graphing Rational Functions

Identify the points of discontinuity, holes, vertical asymptotes, x-intercepts, and horizontal asymptote of each.

1)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{3x^2 + 3x - 18}$

Discontinuities: -3, 2

Vertical Asym.:  $x = -3, x = 2$ 

Holes: None

Horz. Asym.:  $y = 0$ 

X-intercepts: None

3)  $f(x) = \frac{x^3 - x^2 - 6x}{-3x^2 - 3x + 18}$

Discontinuities: 2, -3

Vertical Asym.:  $x = 2, x = -3$ 

Holes: None

Horz. Asym.: None

X-intercepts: 0, -2, 3

$$\text{O.A. : } y = -\frac{1}{3}x + \frac{2}{3}$$

2)  $f(x) = \frac{x - 2}{x - 4}$

Discontinuities: 4

Vertical Asym.:  $x = 4$ 

Holes: None

Horz. Asym.:  $y = 1$ 

X-intercepts: 2

4)  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + x - 6}{-4x^2 - 16x - 12}$

Discontinuities: -1, -3

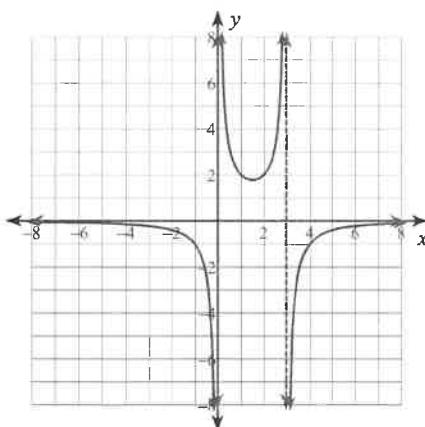
Vertical Asym.:  $x = -1$ Holes:  $x = -3$ 

$$\text{Horz. Asym.: } y = -\frac{1}{4}$$

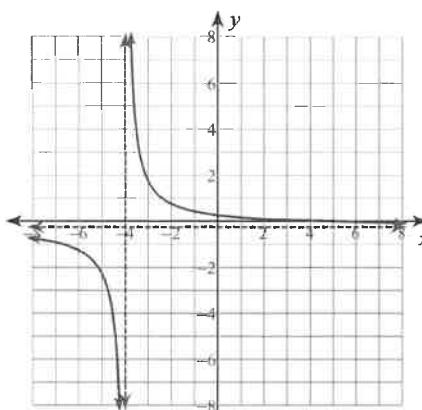
X-intercepts: 2

Identify the points of discontinuity, holes, vertical asymptotes, and horizontal asymptote of each. Then sketch the graph.

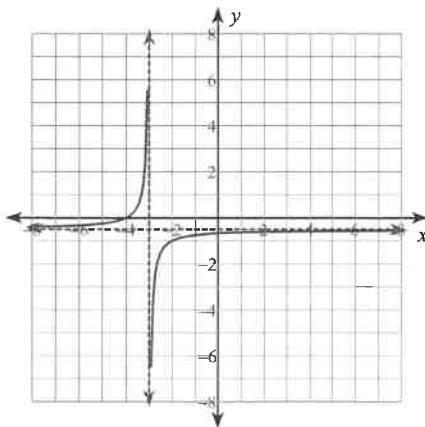
5)  $f(x) = -\frac{4}{x^2 - 3x}$



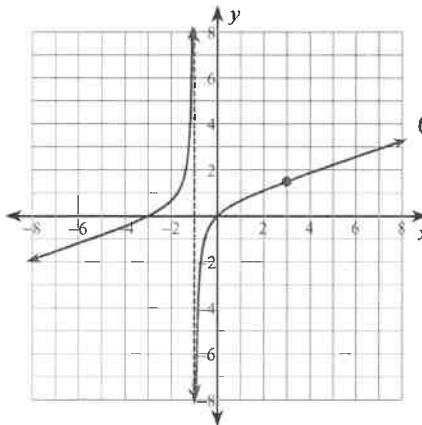
6)  $f(x) = \frac{x - 4}{-4x - 16}$



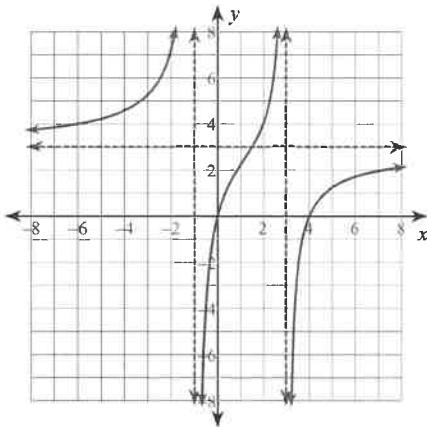
7)  $f(x) = \frac{x + 4}{-2x - 6}$



8)  $f(x) = \frac{x^3 - 9x}{3x^2 - 6x - 9}$

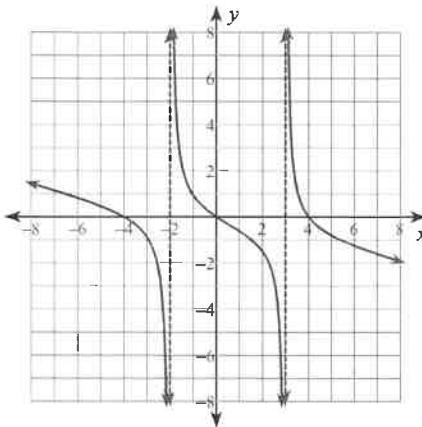


9)  $f(x) = \frac{3x^2 - 12x}{x^2 - 2x - 3}$



Discontinuities: -1, 3  
Vertical Asym.:  $x = -1, x = 3$   
Holes: None  
Horz. Asym.:  $y = 3$

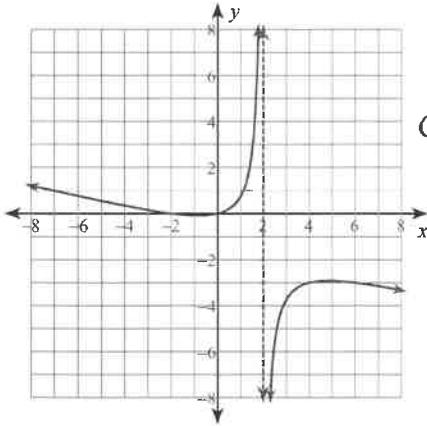
10)  $f(x) = \frac{x^3 - 16x}{-4x^2 + 4x + 24}$



Discontinuities: 3, -2  
Vertical Asym.:  $x = 3, x = -2$   
Holes: None  
Horz. Asym.: None

O.A.:  $y = -\frac{1}{4}x - \frac{1}{4}$

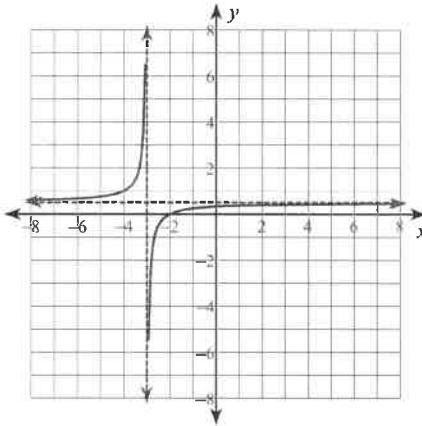
11)  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 2x}{-4x + 8}$



Discontinuities: 2  
Vertical Asym.:  $x = 2$   
Holes: None  
Horz. Asym.: None

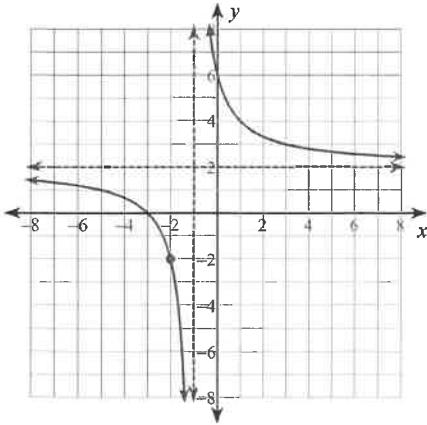
O.A.:  $y = -\frac{1}{4}x - 1$

12)  $f(x) = \frac{x + 2}{2x + 6}$



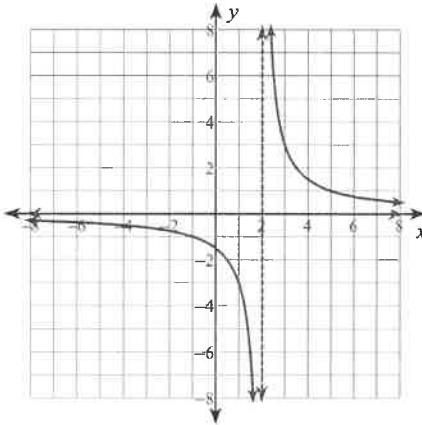
Discontinuities: -3  
Vertical Asym.:  $x = -3$   
Holes: None  
Horz. Asym.:  $y = \frac{1}{2}$

13)  $f(x) = \frac{2x^2 + 10x + 12}{x^2 + 3x + 2}$



Discontinuities: -1, -2  
Vertical Asym.:  $x = -1$   
Holes:  $x = -2$   
Horz. Asym.:  $y = 2$

14)  $f(x) = \frac{3}{x - 2}$



Discontinuities: 2  
Vertical Asym.:  $x = 2$   
Holes: None  
Horz. Asym.:  $y = 0$

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